



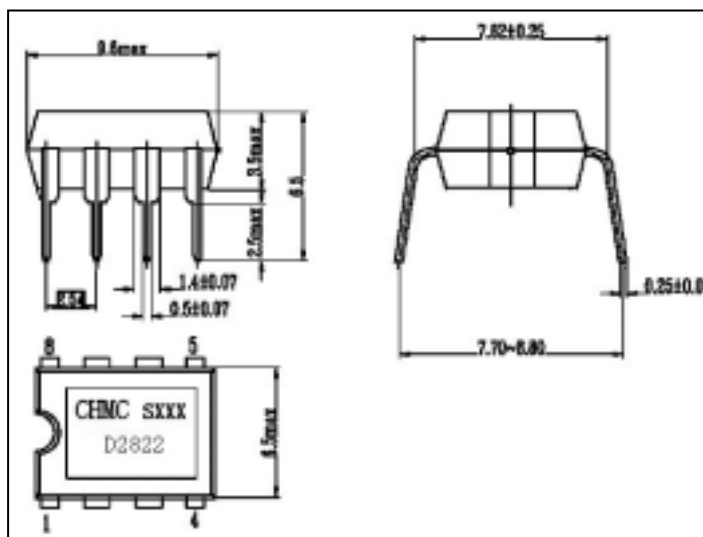
DUAL POWER AMPLIFIER D2822

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

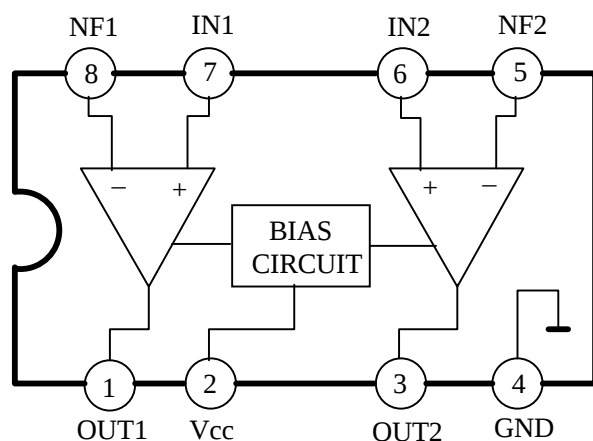
The D2822 is a monolithic integrated circuit in 8 lead Minidip package. It is intended for use as dual audio power amplifier in portable cassette tape players and radios.

FEATURES

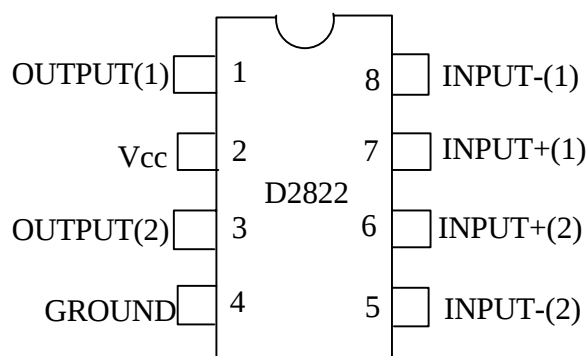
- Dual Low-voltage power amplifier
- Supply voltage down to 1.8V
- Low crossover distortion
- Outline Drawing
- Low quiescent current
- Bridge or stereo configuration



BLOCK DIAGRAM



PINNING



MAXIMUM RATINGS

Characteristics	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	15	V
Output Peak Current	I _{pk}	1	A
Total Power Dissipation(at T _{amb} =50°C)	P _D	1	W
Total Power Dissipation(at T _{case} =50°C)	P _D	1.4	W
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T _a	-20~70	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-40~150	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**1. Stereo Test Circuit**(Unless otherwise specified V_{CC}=6V,T_{amb}=25°C)

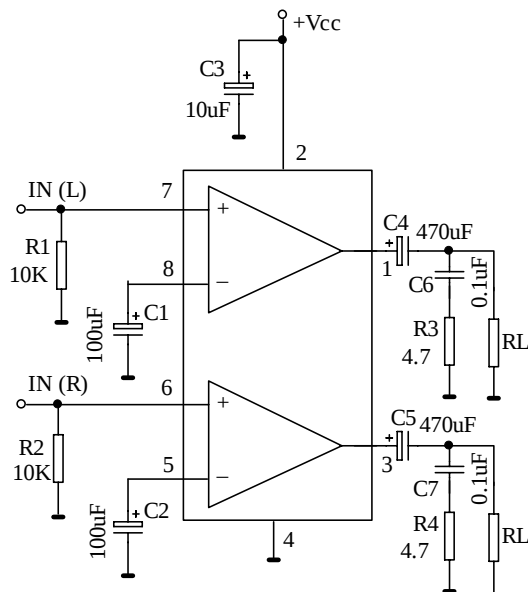
Characteristic	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}		1.8		15	V
Quiescent Output Voltage	V _O			2.7		V
		V _{CC} =3V		1.2		V
Quiescent Drain Current	I _D			6	9	mA
Input Bias Current	I _{BA}			100		nA
Output Power (Each Channel)	P _O	d=10% f=1kHz V _{CC} =3V R _L =4Ω		110		mW
		V _{CC} =3V R _L =32Ω		20		
		d=10% f=1kHz V _{CC} =9V R _L =8Ω	0.4	1		W
		V _{CC} =6V R _L =4Ω V _{CC} =4.5V R _L =4Ω		0.65 0.32		
Distortion	THD	P _O =0.5W R _L =8Ω f=1kHz V _{CC} =9V		0.3		%
Closed Loop Voltage Gain	A _{vf}	f=1kHz		40		dB
Channel Balance	ΔA _{vf}				± 1	dB
Input Resistance	R _i	f=1kHz	100			kΩ
Total Input Noise	V _{NI}	R _S =10kΩ B=Cure A		2		μV
		R _S =10kΩ B=22Hz to 22kHz		3		
Supply Voltage rejection	SVR	f=100Hz C ₁ =C ₂ =100μF	24	30		dB
Channel Separation	CSR	f=1kHz		50		dB

2. Bridge Test Circuit (Unless otherwise specified V_{cc}=6V, T_{amb}=25°C)

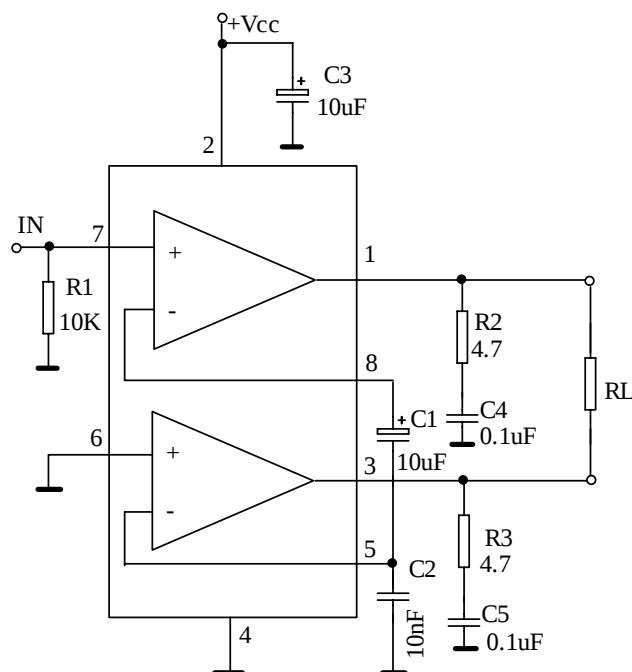
Characteristic	Sym-bol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{cc}		1.8		15	V
Quiescent Drain Current	I _d	R _L =∞		6	9	mA
Output Offset Voltage (Between the Outputs)	V _{os}	R _L =8 Ω			± 50	mV
Input Bias Current	I _b			100		nA
Output Power	P _o	d=10% f=1kHz V _{cc} =9V R _L =16 Ω V _{cc} =6V R _L =8 Ω V _{cc} =4.5V R _L =8 Ω V _{cc} =4.5V R _L =4 Ω		2 1.35 0.7 1		W
		V _{cc} =3V R _L =4 Ω V _{cc} =2V R _L =4 Ω	200	350 80		mW
Distortion	THD	P _o =0.5W R _L =8 Ω f=1kHz		0.2		%
Closed Loop Voltage Gain	A _{vf}	f=1kHz		40		dB
Input Resistance	R _i	f=1kHz	100			k Ω
Total Input Noise	V _{NI}	R _s =10k Ω Curve A		2.5		μ V
		R _s =10k Ω B=22Hz to 22kHz		3		
Supply Voltage Rejection	SVR	f=100Hz		40		dB
Power Bandwidth (-3dB)	B	R _L =8 Ω P _o =1W		120		kHz

TEST CIRCUIT

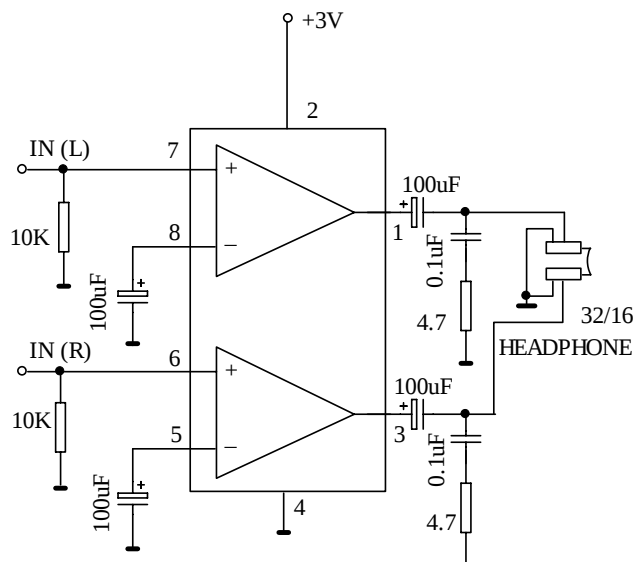
1.STEREO TEST CIRCUIT



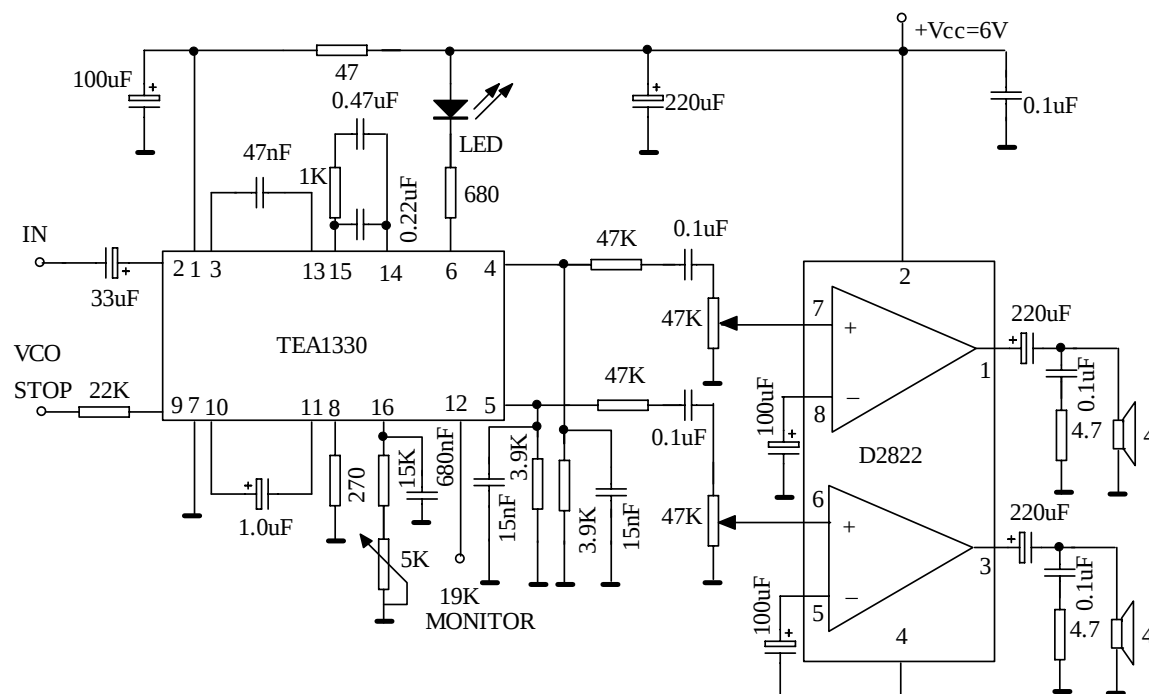
2.BRIDGE TEST CIRCUIT



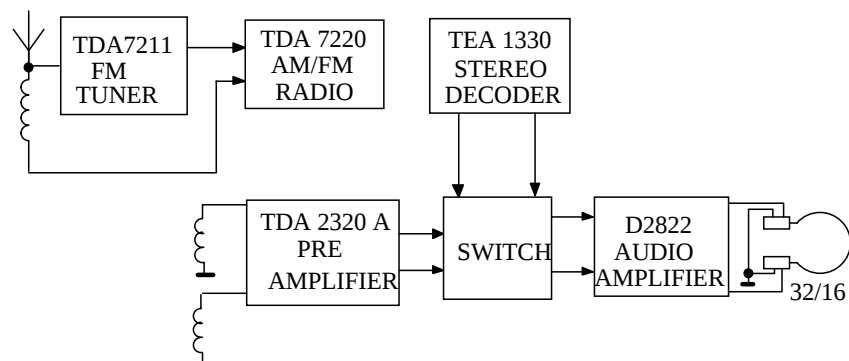
1. Typical application in portable players



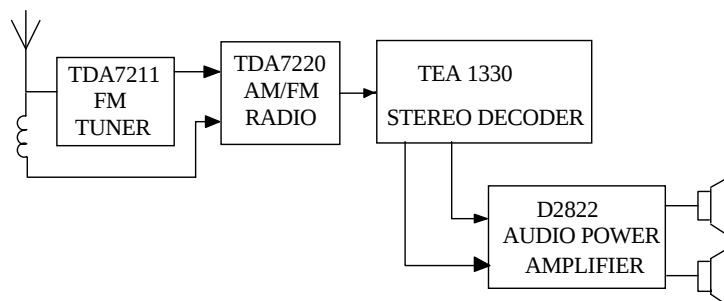
2. Application circuit for portable radio receivers



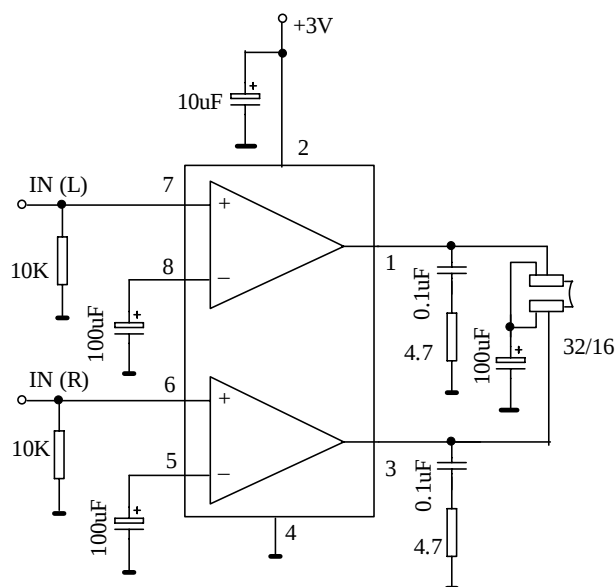
3. Portable radio cassette players



4. Portable stereo radios



5. Low cost application for portables (using only one 100μF output capacitor)



CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

Fig. 4 - Quiescent current vs. supply voltage

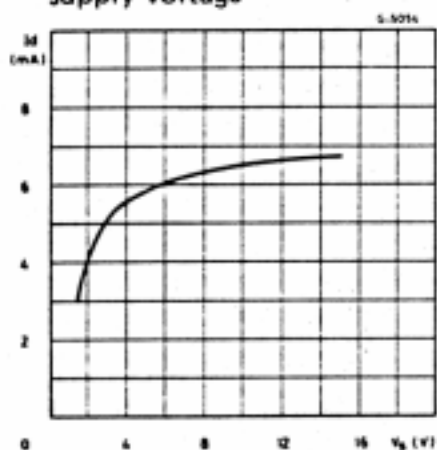


Fig. 5 - Supply voltage rejection vs. frequency (stereo)

